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How to turn kilos of mud into megabytes of data? 10 years of efforts in curating lake sediment cores and their associated results



1 Environment Dynamics and Territories of the Mountain (EDYTEM). Université Savoie

2 Environnements et paléoenvironnements

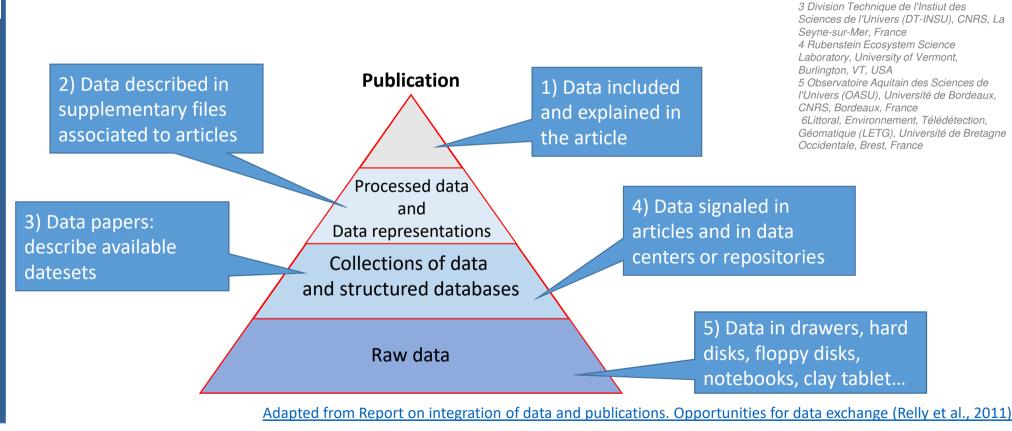
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océaniques et continentaux (EPOC), Université de Bordeaux, CNRS.

Bordeaux.France

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The pyramid of data: general case

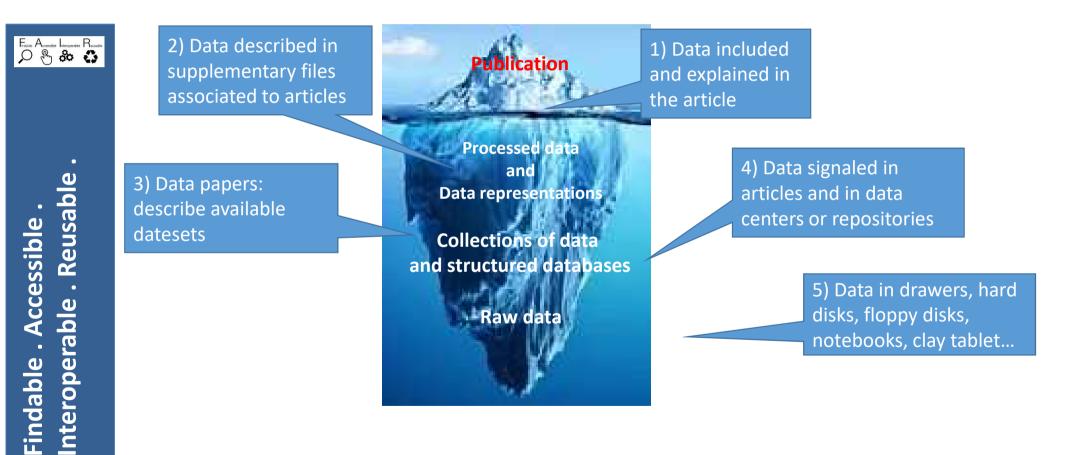








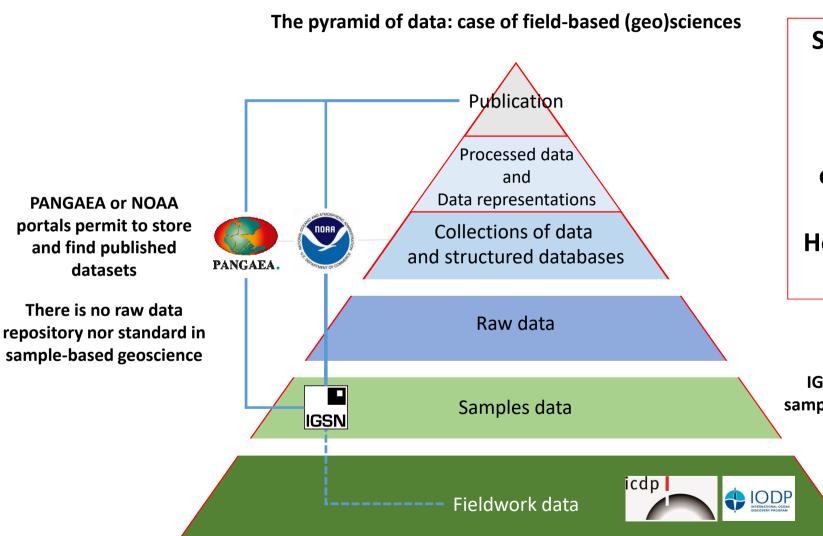
Publications are just the emerged tip of a huge iceberg of « frozen » data



Adapted from Report on integration of data and publications. Opportunities for data exchange (Relly et al., 2011) EGU 2021: ESSI3.9 EDI Managing Geochemical Data from Field to Lab to Publication to Archive







Samples and field data are the absolutely necessary foundations of the whole pyramid

However, they are often poorly banked

IGSN offers the opportunity to link samples and data but includes only poor fieldwork data

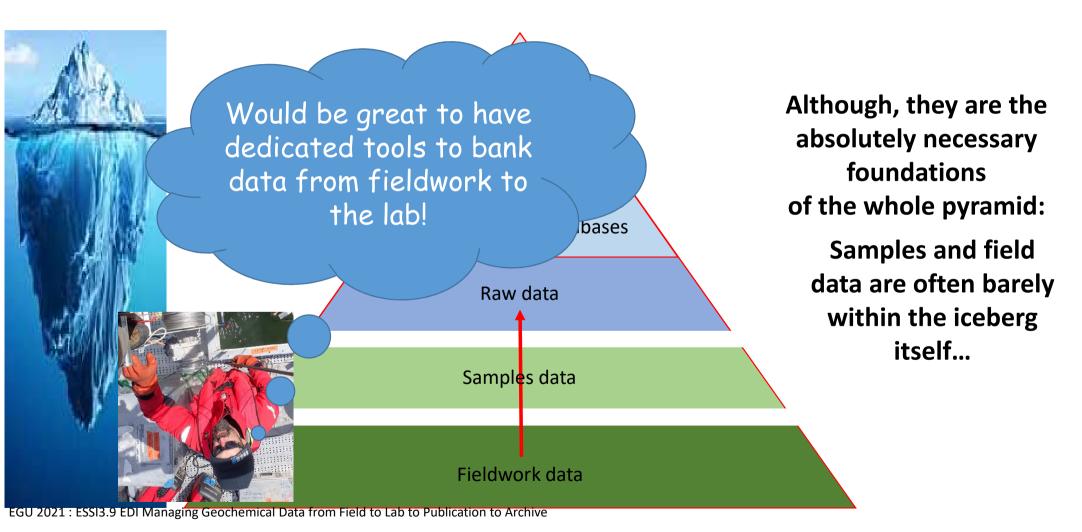
Fieldwork data are sometimes banked at single-project scale, not for every researcher







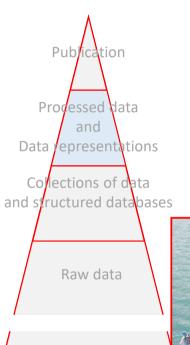
The pyramid of data: case of field-based (geo)sciences







→ Catching fieldwork data at the source: CoreBook Android App.



Functions to help field operations (navigate, find older coring locations, placement of anchors, display of parallel cores)

Operatorfriendly Data filling xml

XML exchange file Ready for input into a database



Samples data



CoreBook

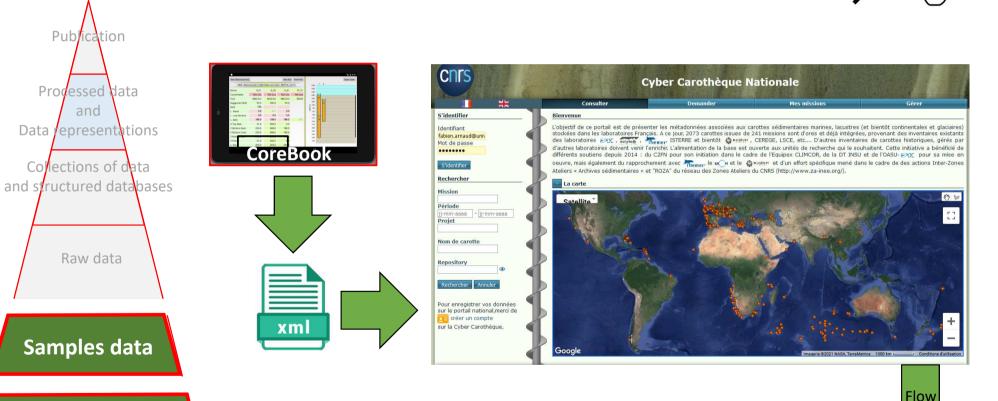
Fieldwork data





→ Banking and displaying fieldwork data: the National Cyber-core repository (Cyber-carothèque nationale)





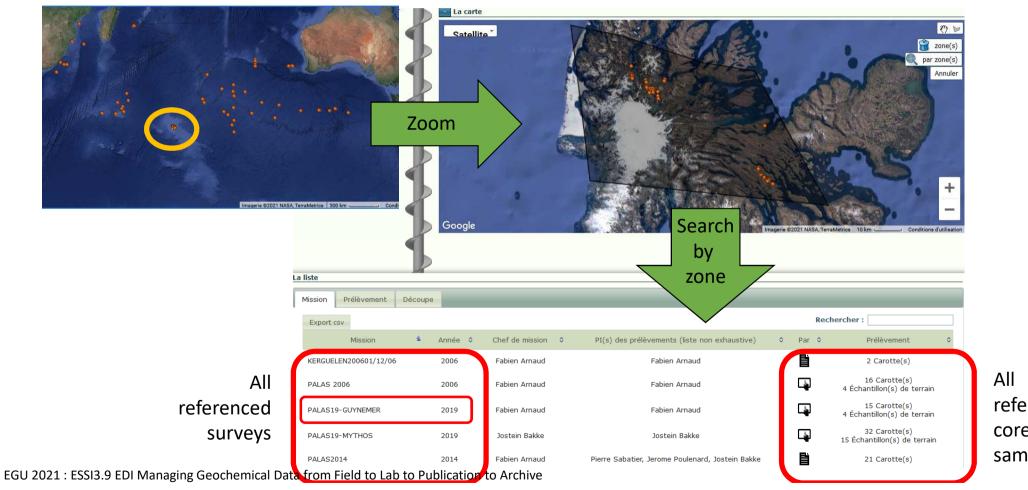
Fieldwork data

Export geographical point & fielddata for GIS SYSTEM





Banking and displaying fieldwork data: the National Cyber-core repository (<u>Cyber-carothèque nationale</u>)

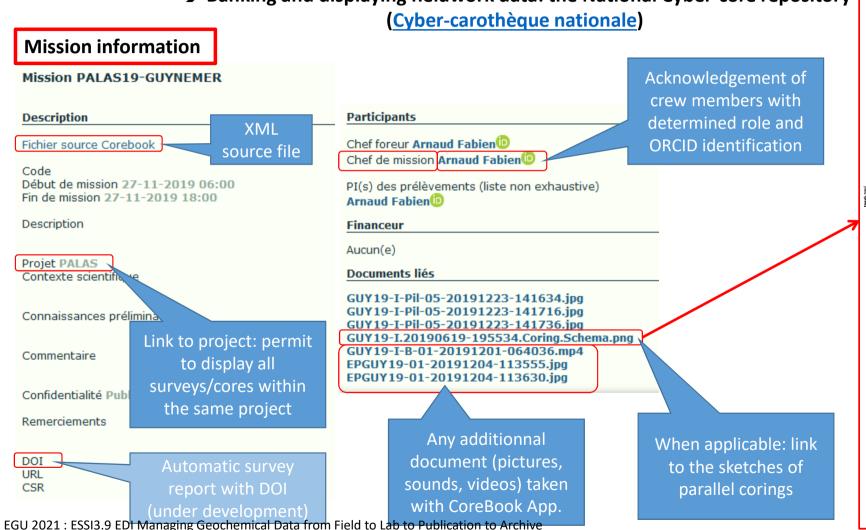


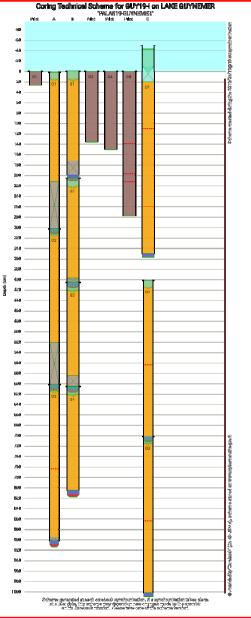
referenced cores and samples





→ Banking and displaying fieldwork data: the National Cyber-core repository (Cyber-carothèque nationale)

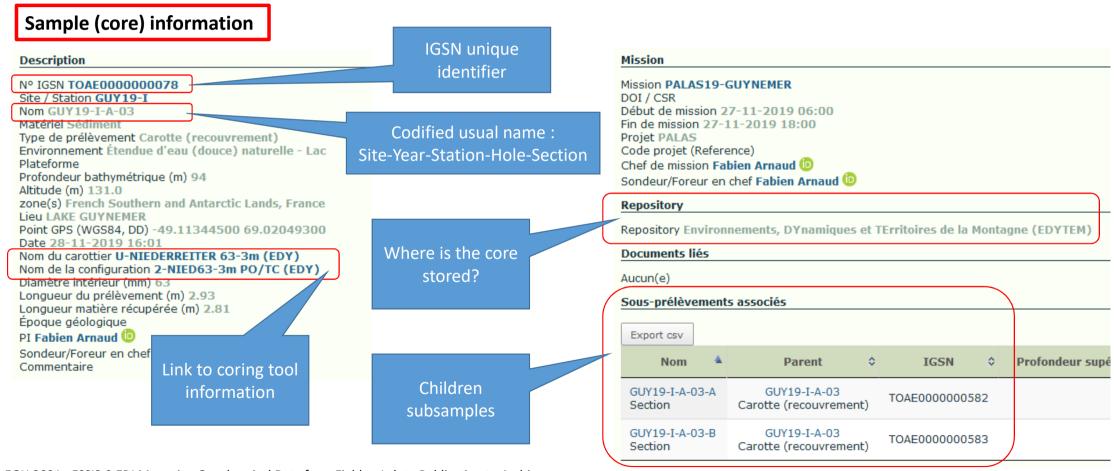








→ Banking and displaying fieldwork data: the National Cyber-core repository (Cyber-carothèque nationale)

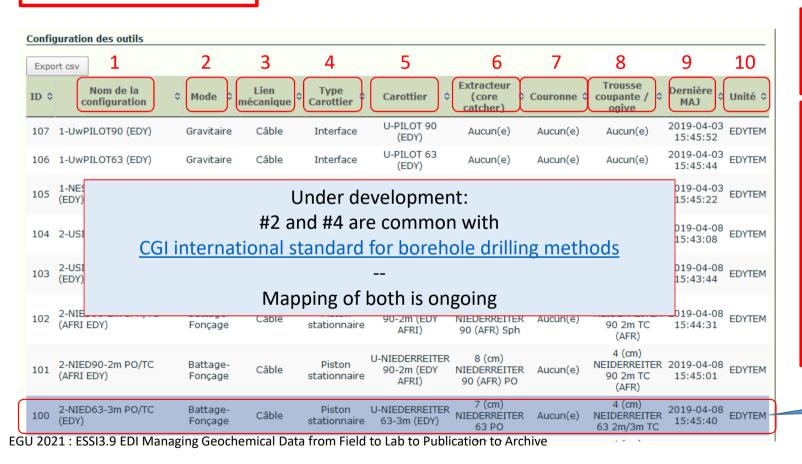






Banking and displaying fieldwork data: the National Cyber-core repository (cyber-carothèque nationale)

Coring tools information



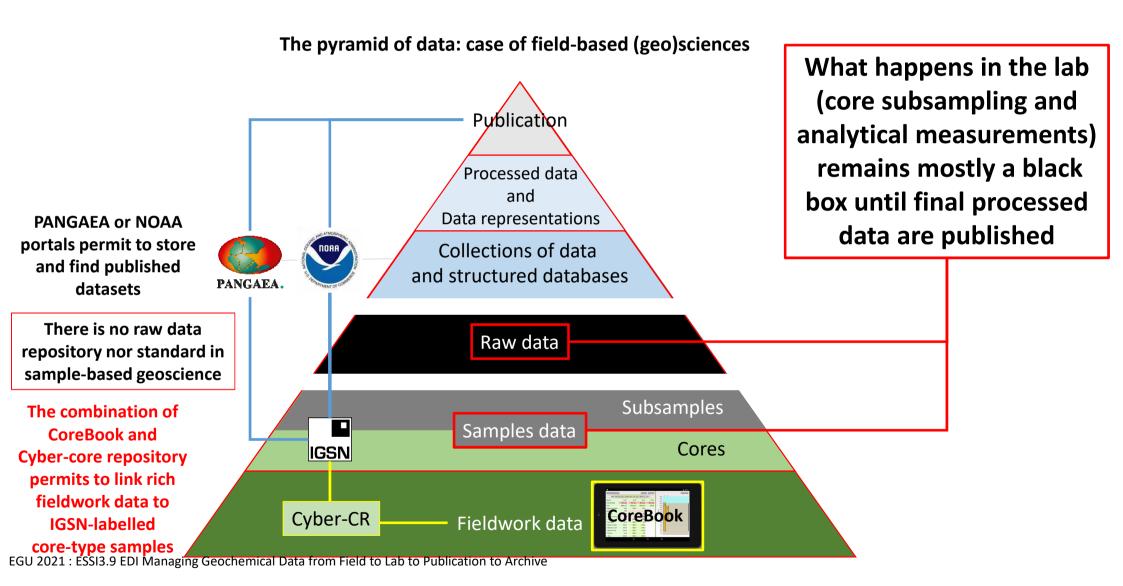
Normalised description of any coring/drilling tool + its configuration

- 1- Name of the configuration
- 2- Mode (energy for penetration)
- 3- Link to the energy source
- 4- Type of corer
- 5- Usual name of the corer
- 6- Type of core catcher (if any)
- 7- Type coring bit (if any)
- 8- Type of cutting shoe (if any)
- 9- Latest update
- 10- Corer's owner

Configuration used to take GUY19-I-A-03













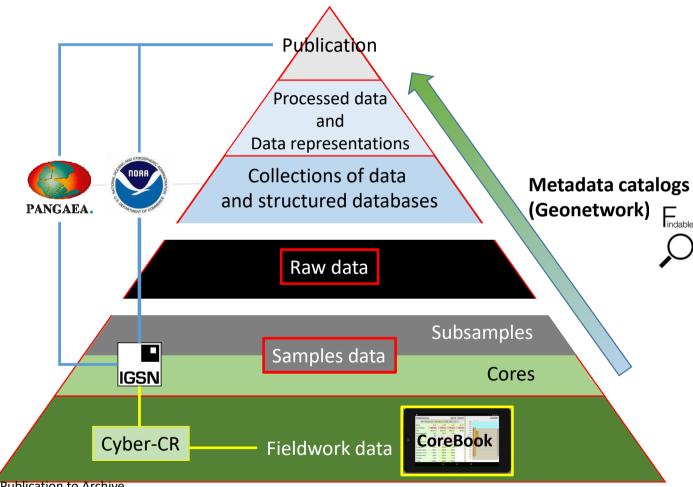
Remaining challenges are:

- 1) Curating core handling and subsampling data
- 2) Keeping track of previous operations (coring, subsampling, sample treatement) while analytical measurements are performed, together with analysis metadata

Ongoing attempts

- 1) Attempt to prolongate the cyber-core repository using <u>Collec-Science software</u> (not discussed here)
- 2) Prototype of an organised <u>Paleodatabase for basic data</u>: **ROZA**

The pyramid of data: case of field-based (geo)sciences



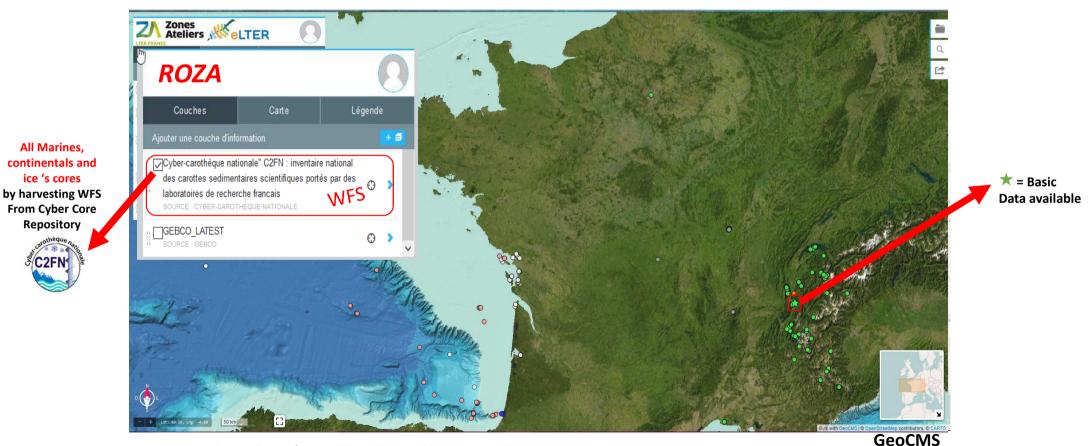




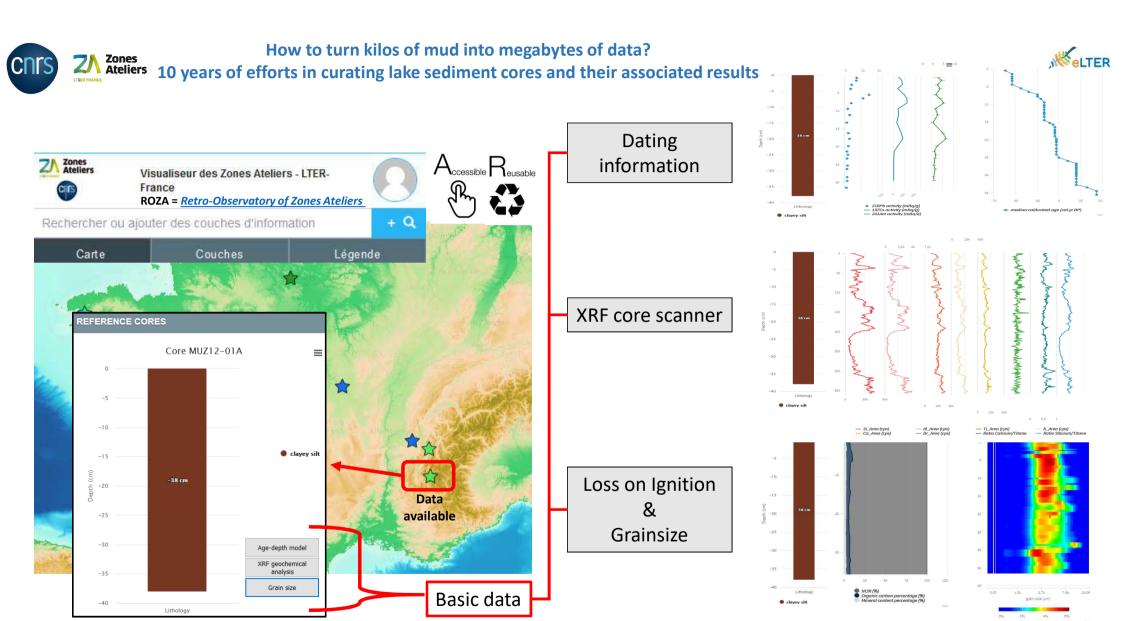
« French Zones Ateliers » are the French contribution to the international Long Term Environmental Research (eLTER) network

ROZA = Retro-Observatory of Zones Ateliers portal





 ${\tt EGU~2021:ESSI3.9~EDI~Managing~Geochemical~Data~from~Field~to~Lab~to~Publication~to~Archive}$

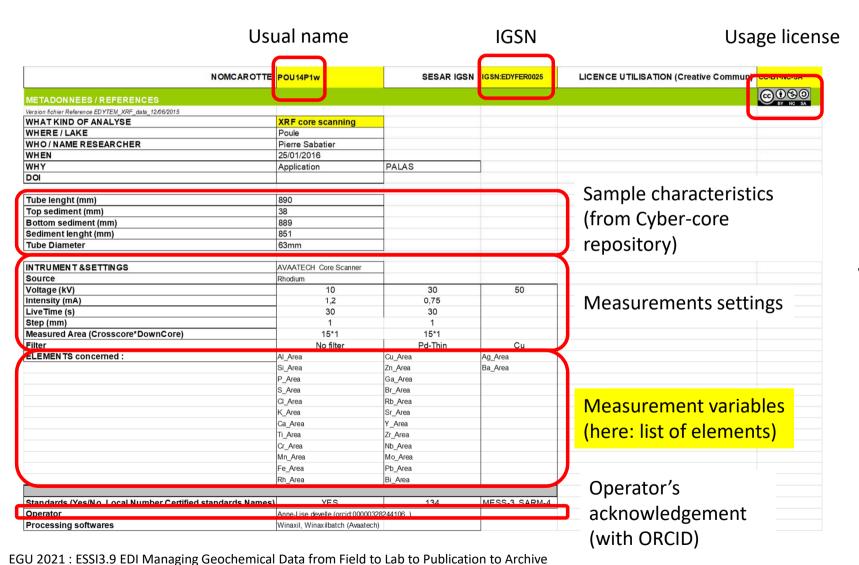


→ ROZA aims at providing homogenised basic data to promote the re-use of sites, samples and data within the ZA network





ROZA: standardised data & metadata template





Ongoing effort

When possible, use thesaurus/controlled vocabularies (CHEBI; IUPAC; QUTD; ...) to provide unambiguous variables and units (interoperability)

→ Referenced in metadata catologs



2017 - (IGSN:IEFRA00A4)

Téléchargements et liens

Zone Atelier Alpes

a929-6cfe5c4ca1e9

Zh Zones LTER France Metadata Node Q Rechercher Q Visualise

Lac de la Muzelle - Carottage Muz12-I - Plant cover and erosion dynamics :

The reconstruction of human and climate-driven, Earth-shaping dynamics is important for understanding past

is often challenging to distinguish the effects of the climate from human activities on environmental changes

fluctuations,we can show that the erosion dynamic was primarily driven by climatic changes. The tree/shrub

impacts on the erosive event frequency. However this period corresponds to the development of herbaceous

plants with different and various ecological preferences which shows the presence of a mosaic landscape.

Tracking plants using lake sediment DNA (lake sedDNA) is an emerging and promising method for tracing pas

plant cover dynamic and better understand the roles of climatic changes and human activities on landscape

changes. Composite coring sequence site Muz12-I - avril 2012(IGSN:IEERA00A4). The sequence conved

périod from 303 to 2012 -year).LTSER platform Lautaret-Oisans / Zone Atelier Alpes

LTSER Zone Atelier Alpes - Mastersite Lautaret-oisans

LTSER-site https://deims.org/79d6c1df-570f-455f-

cover decreasing and the associated development of grazing activities in the last 500 years,had no noticeable

last 1600 years. By comparing these data with reconstructions of erosive event frequency and glacier

human/environment interactions and for helping human societies that currently face global changes. However, it

such as erosion dynamic and plant cover. Here we evaluate an approach based on DNA metabarcoding used on lake sediments to provide high-resolution reconstruction of plant cover and livestock farming history over the

impacts of pastoral activities and climatic changes over the last 1600 years -

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Accepter ou Quitter ce site

Promote visibility & interoperability

by metadata geocatalogue (ISO19.115)*

Zones

Aucune évaluation *

Voir tous les commentaires

Ajouter votre commentaire

Étendue spatiale

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2020-11-13

Z/\ Zones Ateliers

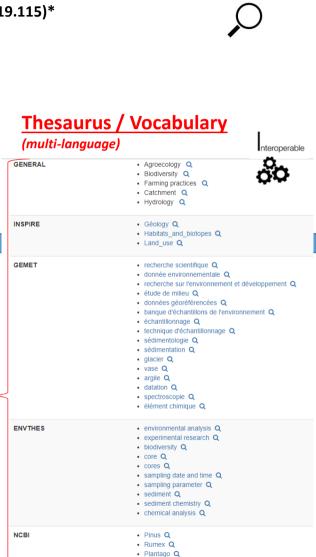
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Link with

vocabulary



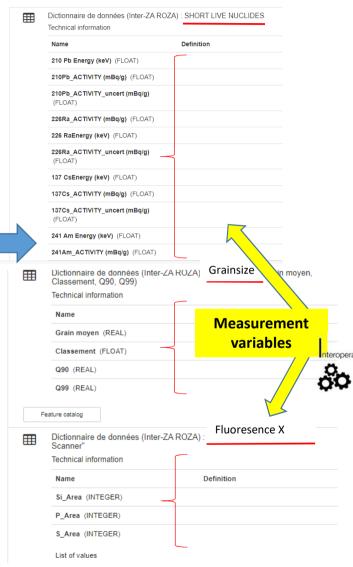
flood frequency Q

· age modele Q

Feature variables catalogue



Feature catalog



* Create by R workflow « Geoflow »

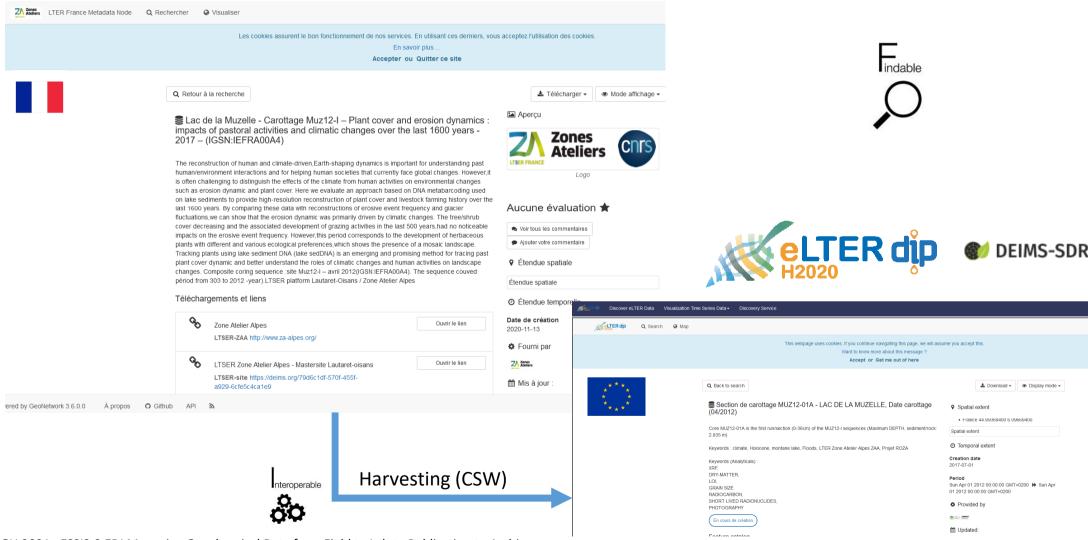




Discover eLTER Data



Interoperability by Geocatalogue métadonnées (ISO19115)



Diapositive 17

f1 faarn; 29/04/2021



Achievements

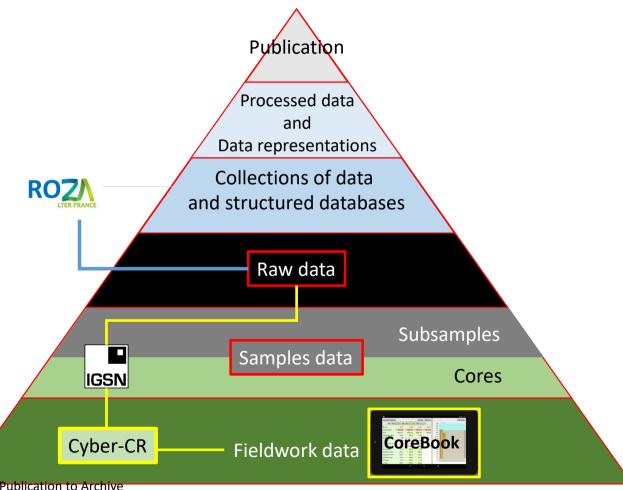
With ROZA, it is possible to get a dataset that is linked to its:

- measurement metadata (LTER catalogue)
- sample data (IGSN)
- Fieldwork data (Cyber-Core repository)

Remaining challenges are:

- ROZA is just a prototype (with lot of flaws!)
- Propose an user-friendly workflow to inject data
- Deal with sub-samples (currently, only the core level is treated)
- Extend the database (only 4 cores...)
- Include treated data: age-models instead of dating data → SERAC

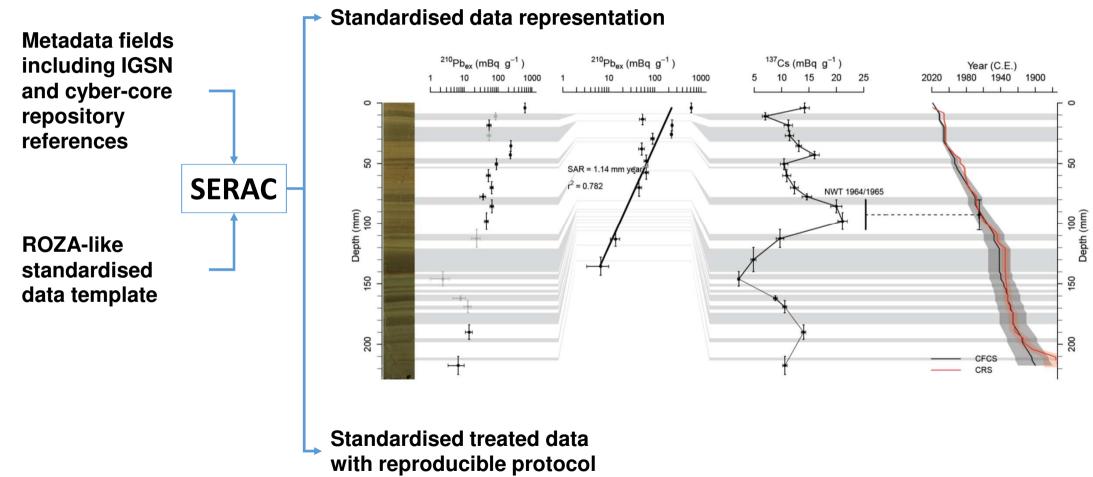
The pyramid of data: case of field-based (geo)sciences





SERAC: a R package for Short livEd RAdionuclide Chronology of recent sediment cores





EGU 2021: ESSI3.9 EDI Managing Geochemical Data from Field to Lab to Publication to Archive

Bruel and Sabatier, 2020, Journal of Env. Radioactivity





Limits





On the road to be

Corebook

Gathers standardised fieldwork data

Cyber-core repository

- Banks fieldwork data
- Links rich fieldwork data with IGSN

IGSN

- Provides unique identifier for upper levels

ROZA

- Standardised dataset linked with:
- measurement metadata (LTER catalogue)
- sample data (IGSN)
- Fieldwork data (Cyber-Core repository)

SERAC provides:

- A **publishable** standardised representation of radionuclide data
- A standardised age model file with a reproducible protocol
- Links to underlying levels of the pyramid



In the case of radionuclide dating, it is possible to link all levels of the pyramid

